

WinFrog Device Group:	ROV	
Device Name/Model:	MakoData	
Device Manufacturer:		
Device Data String(s) Output to WinFrog:	See Telegram Specification section below.	
WinFrog Data String(s) Output to Device:	NONE	
WinFrog Data Item(s) and their RAW record:	ROV рАТА	496
	HEADING	409

DEVICE DESCRIPTION:

This is a driver designed to read ROV type and heading data from the Mako ROV.

DEVICE CONFIGURATION INSTRUCTIONS

WINFROG I/O DEVICES > EDIT I/O:

Serial

Configurable Parameters

WINFROG I/O DEVICES > CONFIGURE DEVICE:

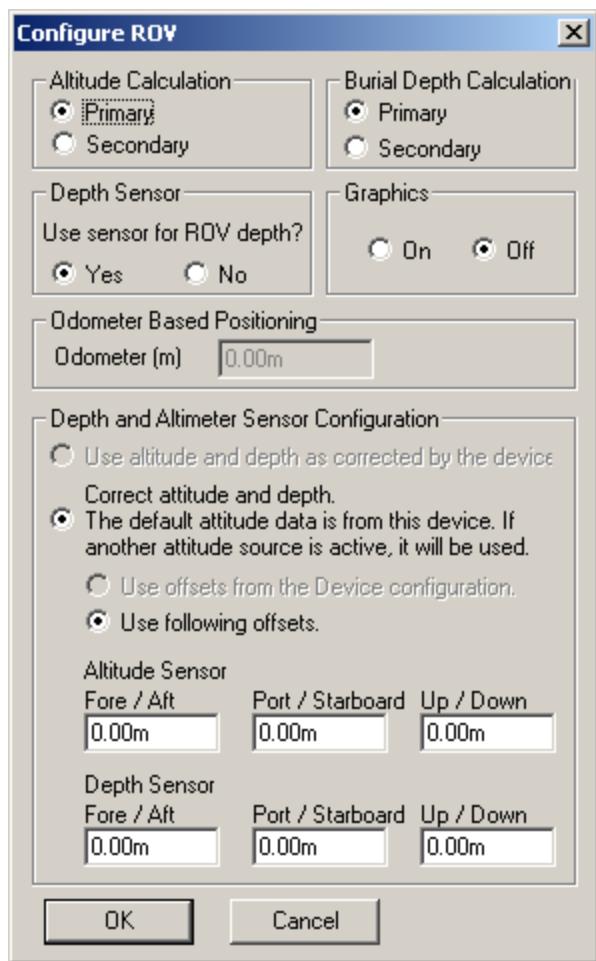
No configuration is required at the I/O Device window level.

WINFROG VEHICLE > CONFIGURE VEHICLE DEVICES > DEVICE DATA ITEM > EDIT:

Adding the MakoData device creates two data items: ROV рАТА and HEADING. Once the data items have been added to the vehicle, they must be edited to suit the application.

Data item: ROV, MakoData, ROV рАТА

This data item is designed to read specific ROV type data from this device. Highlight this data item in the vehicle's device list and click the Edit button to open the Configure ROV dialog box as seen below.



Altitude Calculation:

Primary will result in this vehicle's altitude being determined from the observed altitude value found in the string from this device minus the altitude offset also found on this dialog. This value can be displayed in the Vehicle Text window as ROV Alt.

Secondary will result in no calculation or assignment of the vehicle's altitude from this device. The raw data is still always recorded.

Burial Depth Calculation:

Primary will result in the burial depth (if applicable) being determined from the observed burial depth value found in the string from this device. This value will be assigned to the vehicle.

Secondary will result in no calculation or assignment of the burial depth from this device. The raw data is still always recorded.

Graphics:

Select the On radio button to display the device name and a square at the location of the ROV, within the Graphics and Bird's Eye windows.

Use sensor for ROV depth:

Selecting the Yes radio button will cause the depth of this vehicle's CRP to be determined from the observed depth value found in the string from this device plus the depth offset below. This vehicle's elevation will be the negative of this value. This value will be used to calculate the bottom depth.

The bottom depth will be determined as:

Observed depth + Depth Offset + observed altimeter - altitude Offset

The offsets (see below) are not corrected for pitch and roll when determining the water depth.

Selecting the No radio button will result in this device obtaining the depth of the CRP from the vehicle itself, as opposed to assigning it to the vehicle as above. You must assign another device to determine the depth of the vehicle (e.g. USBL and assigning it as the source for depth).

Note: The observed altimeter value is always used for depth determination regardless of the prime/secondary altimeter setting.

Odometer Based Positioning:

This is only used by the ROV device Sonsub Innovator3.

Depth and Altimeter Sensor Configuration:

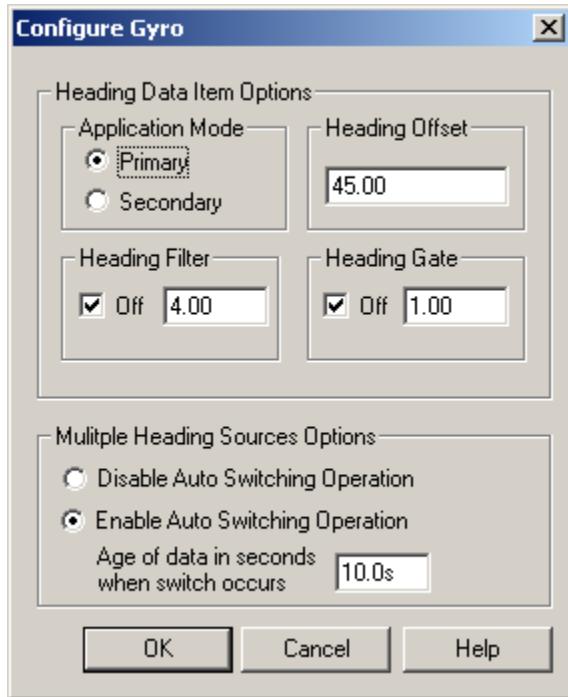
For all ROV devices except Deep Blue ROV, the radio button settings cannot be changed. See the Deep Blue ROV device documentation for information on setting these radio buttons.

Vertical offsets of the altitude and depth sensors, relative to the CRP, can be entered here. The Altitude Offset is the vertical distance (positive up) from the ROV's CRP to the acoustic beacon tracking the seafloor. The Depth Offset is the vertical distance (positive up) from the ROV's CRP to the sensor that provides depth information of the ROV.

The offset position will be corrected for pitch and roll then the vertical offsets will be applied to determine the depth of the ROV and height of the ROV above the bottom.

Data item: ROV, MakoData, HEADING

Highlight this data item in the vehicle's device list and click the Edit button to open the Configure Gyro dialog box as seen below.



Heading Data Item Options:

Application Mode(Primary/Secondary):

Set the type of calculation to Primary or Secondary by selecting the appropriate radio button. Devices set to Primary are used to provide the vehicle heading information. Devices set to Secondary are simply monitored, and are not used in the vehicle's calculations.

Note that WinFrog supports automatic switching from a designated Primary to a Secondary in the event that data from the Primary fails (see Multiple Heading Sources Options).

Heading Offset:

A correction value (as determined from a gyro calibration) can be input in the Heading Offset box. This value is added to the heading value from the device to provide a corrected heading for the vehicle. Note that positive or negative values can be entered.

Heading Filter/Heading Gate:

The Heading Filter is used to "smooth" heading values used by the vehicle. The value entered in the Heading Filter indicates the number of headings that will be used to predict the next heading value. The larger the value entered, the "heavier" the filter will be – i.e. the slower the vehicle's heading will respond to changes.

The Heading Gate defines a tolerance value to limit the use of anomalies in gyro readings. If the next observed gyro value received falls outside the specified

range of predicted values (i.e. plus or minus the entered value), the value will not be used.

Multiple Heading Sources Options:

WinFrog supports automatic switching from a designated Primary source to an alternate Secondary source in the event that the Primary fails. The first Secondary source to receive data after the Primary has failed becomes the alternate Primary providing the heading for the vehicle. When the designated Primary is detected as active again, the alternate Primary source reverts to Secondary and the designated Primary provides the heading data to the vehicle.

If an alternate Secondary fails and there are additional Secondary sources, it in turn is detected by the first of the remaining operational Secondary sources to receive data after the failure, at which time this Secondary becomes the alternate Primary.

Note that this option is only available if more than one HEADING source is associated with the respective vehicle. Changes made to the Auto Switching options for any one of the HEADING data items are automatically assigned to the others upon exiting this dialog with OK. If the Auto Switching option is enabled and the respective HEADING source has been set to Primary, all others are automatically set to Secondary. The exception to this is when configuring a WinFrog Controlled Remote (WinFrog with a Remote module) from a Controller. In this case, changes made to one HEADING source are not automatically made to other HEADING sources. The operator must explicitly make them for each HEADING source.

This option is not available in the WinFrog Remote package.

Disable/Enable Auto Switching Operation:

Select the mode you wish to operate WinFrog.

Age of data in seconds when switch occurs:

Enter the age of data that is permitted before the source is considered to have failed.

TELEGRAM SPECIFICATION:

The data telegram is in comma-delimited format and contains the following data;

Field	Data
1	\$PMAKO
2	heading
3	depth // m
4	unknown
5	burial depth // cm
6	unknown
7	innoQCnum
8	trackPoint X // m
9	trackPoint Y // m
10	trackPoint Z // m